

For Maddaght at present : play with money and exchange it for items and here are some more ideas below. A practical topic: the less recording the better

### Blein Toshee:

Count pennies and find the numbers on them  
Which numbers are for the coin value

Touch each 1p coin and say: un phing, daa phing, three ping (noting that only one and two use 'phing' (say: 'fing') and from the number three it is 'ping')

Go up to 10p or 20p using pennies or as far as is comfortable and practical to count pennies

Recognise 2p and 5p (daa phing / queig ping)

Record how to write 1p 2p 5p with the 'p' low - not floating like this: 2P

### Blein Nane:

Revise recognising the coins and make a coin/note line:  
1p 2p 5p 10p 20p 50p £1 £2 £5 £10 £20 (draw any missing money you don't have on card or paper)

Say them in order: un phing, daa phing, queig ping, jeih ping, feed ping, queigad ping, un phunt, daa phunt, queig punt, jeih punt, feed punt (and they write out the coin/note line and get all the 'p's low (not 10P) and do the £ correctly (this sign is both fun and difficult to write))

Play with money using change as a theme making sure the coin received in change is less (in monetary value) than the coin given to pay: this is hard!

Speaking in Manx ideas for money lesson:

Quoid shen? (How much is that?)  
say: qu-owe-d—shen

C'ren peesh argid? (What coin?)  
say: crin peesh er-gid

Nod oo cur dou un phing? (Can you give me one penny)  
say: nod oo cur d-ow ('ow' in cow) un fing

C'raad t'eh? (where is it?)  
say: cr-air-d-t-ay (the 'ay' in say)

Screeu eh? (Write it)  
say: screw ay (the 'ay' in say)

Shen eh! (That's it)  
say: shen ay

Jeant dy mie (Well done)  
say: jint - dur- my

And any other Manx you can use or your child knows